**MARKING SCHEME**

**SECTION A**

**1. B 11. B 21.False**

**2. C 12. C 22.False**

**3. D 13. A 23.False**

**4. A 14. D 24.False**

**5. C 15. C 25.False**

**6. A 16. D 26.False**

**7. B 17. A 27.True**

**8. B 18. B 28.False**

**9. A 19. D 29.True**

**10. C 20. B 30.False**

**SECTION B**

1. Five characteristics of Second Generation of Computers are;

* They used transistors
* They stored data in magnetic media
* They were still costly
* They introduced assembly language and operating system software
* They relied on punch cards
* They were faster and more reliable than first generation systems
* They generated heat though a little less

1. Full meanings of the following acronyms and abbreviations;
2. ENIAC – ***Electronic Numerical Integrator and Computer***
3. LCD – ***Liquid Crystal Display***
4. CRT – ***Cathode Ray Tube***
5. USB - ***Universal Serial Bus***
6. IC – ***Integrated Circuit***
7. Three examples of First Generation of Computers

* ENIAC 1946
* EDSAC 1949
* UNIVAC I 1951
* EDSAC 1950

b.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **S/N** | **Keyboard shortcut** | **Action performed** |
| **1** | Ctrl + V | ***To paste a text*** |
| **2** | Ctrl + I | ***To italic a text*** |
| **3** | ***Ctrl + A*** | Select All |
| **4** | ***Ctrl + E*** | Center Alignment |

4.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Input Device** | **Output Device** | **Storage Device** |
| Mouse | Speaker | Floppy disk |
| Microphone | Projector | Hard drive |
| Digital camera | Monitor | Flash drive |
| Keyboard | Printer |  |
|  |  |  |

5a). Computer is an electronic device for storing and processing data according to instructions given to it in a variable program

b). System unit

Keyboard

Mouse

Monitor

c). Scanners

Radio

Television

Calculator

Projector

Computers

Mobile phone